

General Assembly

February Session, 2000

Raised Bill No. 5700

LCO No. 1542

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

Introduced by: (JUD)

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An Act Concerning Costs Of Incarceration.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. (NEW) (a) In the case of causes of action of any person obligated to pay the costs of such person's incarceration under section 18-85a of the general statutes and regulations adopted in accordance with said section, the claim of the state shall be a lien against the proceeds therefrom in the amount of the costs of incarceration or fifty per cent of the proceeds received by such person after payment of all expenses connected with the cause of action, whichever is less, for repayment under said section, and shall have priority over all other claims including any lien of the state for repayment of public assistance except attorney's fees for said causes, expenses of suit, costs of hospitalization connected with the cause of action by whomever paid over and above hospital insurance or other such benefits, and, for such period of hospitalization as was not paid for by the state, physicians' fees for services during any such period as are connected with the cause of action over and above medical insurance or other such benefits; and such claim shall consist of the total amount of the costs of incarceration under section 18-85a of the general statutes. The

proceeds of such causes of action shall be assignable to the state for payment of the amount due under section 18-85a of the general statutes, irrespective of any other provision of law. The state's lien shall constitute an irrevocable direction to the attorney for the inmate to pay the Commissioner of Correction or his designee in accordance with its terms, except if, after written notice from the attorney for the inmate informing the commissioner or his designee of the settlement of the cause of action or judgment thereon and requesting the amount of the lien to be paid to the commissioner or his designee, the commissioner or his designee does not inform such attorney of the amount of the state's lien within forty-five days of receipt of the written request of such attorney for such information, such attorney may distribute such proceeds to such inmate and shall not be liable for any loss the state may sustain thereby.

(b) In the case of an inheritance of an estate by any person who is obligated to pay the costs of such person's incarceration in accordance with section 18-85a of the general statutes and the regulations adopted under said section, the claim of the state shall be a lien against such inheritance in the amount of the costs of incarceration or fifty per cent of the assets of the estate payable to the inmate, whichever is less. The Court of Probate shall accept any such lien notice filed by the commissioner or his designee with the court prior to the distribution of such inheritance, and to the extent of such inheritance not already distributed, the court shall order distribution in accordance therewith.

Sec. 2. (NEW) Upon the death of any person obligated to pay the costs of such person's incarceration under section 18-85a of the general statutes and regulations adopted in accordance with said section, the state shall have a claim against such person's estate for all costs of incarceration under the provisions of said section and regulations for which the state has not been reimbursed, to the extent that the amount which the surviving spouse, parent or dependent children of the decedent would otherwise take from such estate is not needed for their support. Such claims shall have priority over all other unsecured

51 claims against such estate, including any lien of the state for 52 repayment of public assistance, except (1) expenses of last sickness not 53 to exceed three hundred seventy-five dollars, (2) funeral and burial 54 expenses in accordance with that allowed under section 17b-84 of the 55 general statutes upon the death of a beneficiary of aid, and (3) 56 administrative expenses, including probate fees and taxes, and 57 including fiduciary fees not exceeding the following commissions on 58 the value of the whole estates accounted for by such fiduciaries: On the 59 first two thousand dollars or portion thereof, five per cent; on the next 60 eight thousand dollars or portion thereof, four per cent; on the excess 61 over ten thousand dollars, three per cent. Upon petition by any 62 fiduciary, the Probate Court, after a hearing thereon, may authorize 63 compensation in excess of the above schedule for extraordinary 64 services. Notice of any such petition and hearing shall be given to the 65 Commissioner of Correction at least ten days in advance of such 66 hearing. The allowable funeral and burial payment authorized by this 67 section shall be reduced by the amount of any prepaid funeral 68 arrangement. Any amount paid from the estate under this section to 69 any person that exceeds the limits provided in this section shall be 70 repaid to the estate by such person, and such amount may be 71 recovered in a civil action with interest at the legal rate from the date 72 of demand.

73 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect from its passage.

Statement of Purpose:

To enable the Department of Correction with the assistance of the Department of Administrative Services to collect the costs of an inmate's incarceration when the inmate receives proceeds from a cause of action or from an inheritance or when the inmate dies.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]